## Tandem acoustic modeling: Neural nets for mainstream ASR?

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#### **Outline**

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- Inside Tandem systems: What's going on?
- 3 Future directions



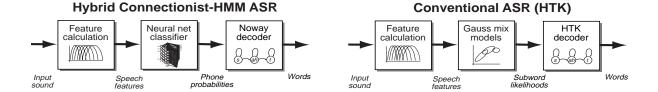
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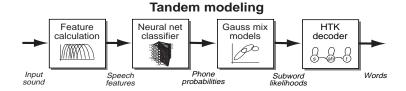
### Tandem acoustic modeling

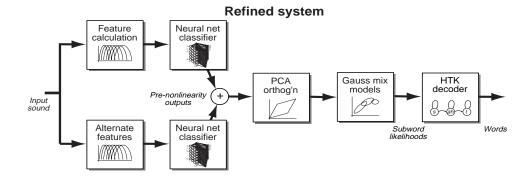
- ETSI Aurora 'noisy digits' evaluation
  - new features (for distributed speech recognition)
  - Gaussian mixture HTK back-end provided
- How to use hybrid-connectionist tricks? (multistream posterior combination etc.)
- → Use posterior outputs as features for HTK...
- Tandem connection of two large statistical models:
   Neural Net (NN) and Gaussian Mixture (GMM)



#### The Tandem structure







- Better results when posteriors are made more 'Gaussian'
- Tandem allows posterior combination for HTK

## Training a tandem model

- Tandem modeling uses two feature-spaces
  - NN estimates phone posteriors (discriminant)
  - GMM models subword likelihoods (distributions)

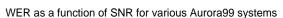
#### Training procedure

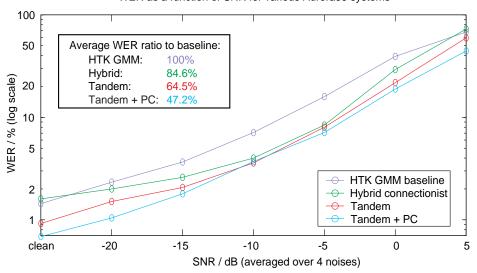
- NN trained (backprop) on base features to forced-alignment phone targets
- GMM trained on modified NN outputs via EM to maximise subword model likelihoods
- HTK backend knows *nothing* of phone models
- Decoupled (good) but sequential
- Training sets?
  - can use same for both learning different info
  - could use different for cross-task robustness



## **Tandem system results**

#### • It works very well:

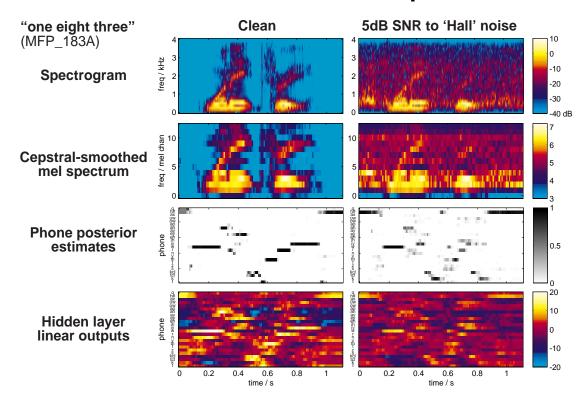




System-features	Avg. WER 20-0 dB	Baseline WER ratio
HTK-mfcc	13.7%	100%
Neural net-mfcc	9.3%	84.5%
Tandem-mfcc	7.4%	64.5%
Tandem-msg+plp	6.4%	47.2%

# Inside Tandem systems: What's going on?

Visualizations of the net outputs

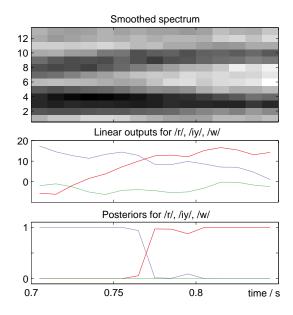


Neural net normalizes away noise



## Feature space 'magnification'

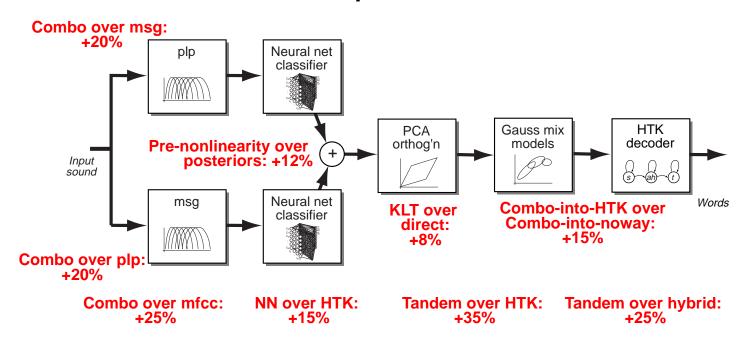
 Neural net performs a nonlinear remapping of the feature space



- small changes across critical boundaries result in large output changes

#### **Relative contributions**

 Approx relative impact on baseline WER ratio for different component:

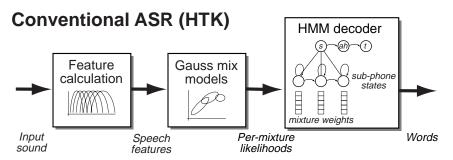


Tandem combo over HTK mfcc baseline: +53%

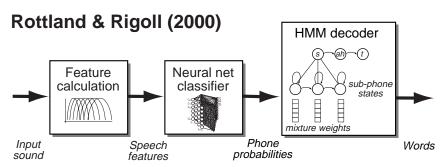


## **Omitting the GMMs**

"Tied posteriors" (Rottland & Rigoll, ICASSP):



- EM training of GMM and HMM mixture weights



only mixture weights trained by EM

System	WSJ0 WER
Hybrid baseline	15.8%
"Tied posteriors"	9.4%



#### **Discussion**

- Key limitation: task-specific
  - NN is not like features (it's part of the trained system)
- Aurora1999 was a 'matched condition' task
  - same noises added in training and test
  - Aurora2000 has mismatched conditions
  - Tandem modeling works just as well
- How to relax specificity?
  - train on alternative task?
  - use articulatory targets



## **Future developments**

- How to optimize NN for this structure?
  - integrated training...previous work
  - HMM states as targets?
- Understanding the gains
  - better analysis of each piece's contribution
  - strengths of different modeling approaches
  - effects of model/training set size variation
  - "tied posteriors"?
- Other speech corpora
  - need both NN and GMM systems...
  - Switchboard is next goal

