

# **Panel: Technical and Business Challenges in Content-Based Retrieval**

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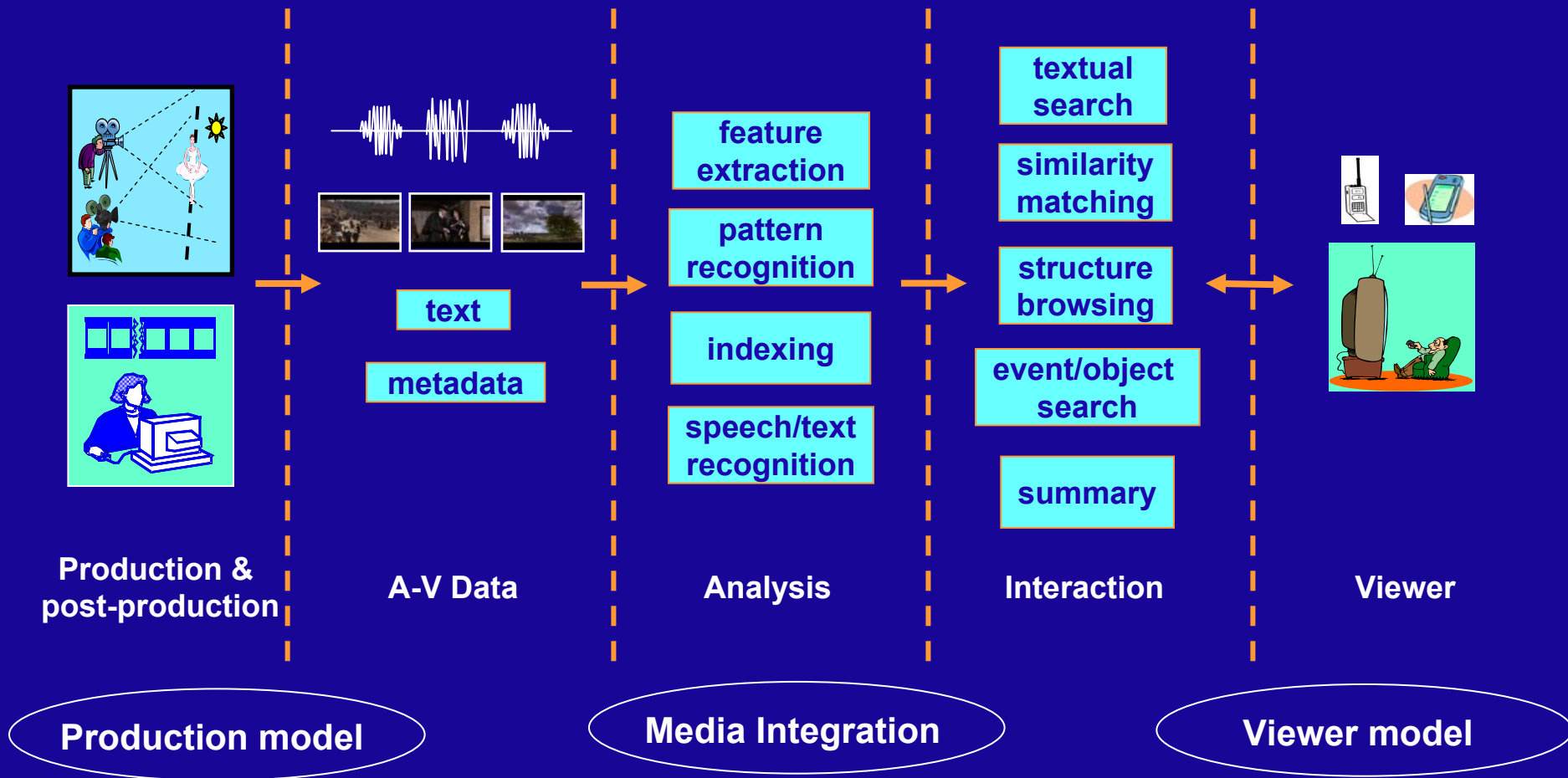
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**Digital Video and Multimedia Group  
Columbia University  
12/14/2001**

**CBAIVL Workshop Panel**

# Consider End-to-End Content Chain



# Types of Content Indexing

- **Metadata preservation → XML-based language**
  - Interoperable, extensible description tools
  - MPEG-7
- **Reverse engineering**
  - Production structure parsing (shot, camera)
- **Feature/object extraction and matching**
  - audio-visual, spatio-temporal objects and features
- **Structuring, Event Recognition, Skimming**
  - Structure parsing and summarization
  - Event detection and recognition

# When do we need automatic tools?

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- **Conditions for high impact**
  - Suit user's needs and tasks
  - Metadata that's not available from production
  - Large volume, low individual value
  - Work that humans are not good at
  - Time sensitive
  - Acceptable performance
- **Less Promising Areas**
  - Content from digital production tools with metadata
  - Prime content that can afford mega budget and manual solutions

# Case 1: Live Sports Video Filtering and Navigation

Linear/Passive Video



Interactive Video

- [Highlights](#)
- [Pitches](#)
- [Runs](#)
- [By Player](#)
- [By Time](#)
- [Set your Own](#)
- [Save](#)
- [Delete](#)
- [Edit](#)



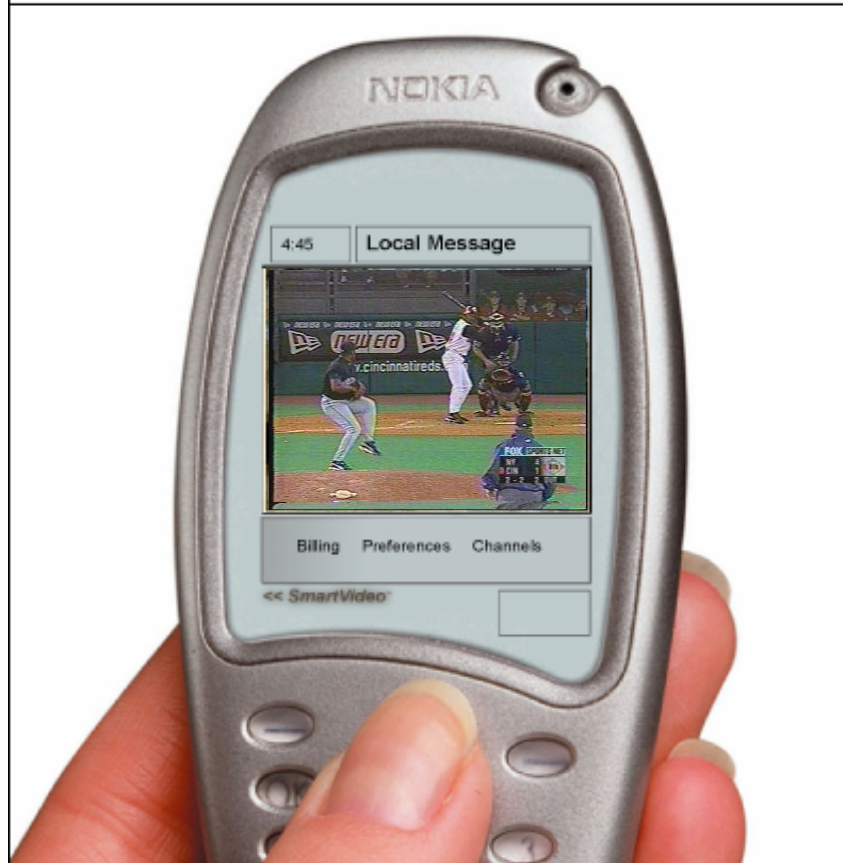
- Time sensitive interest
- Massive production and audience
- Time compressibility
- Temporal structure and production rules

# Beyond Ringer and Clip Download

## Services:

- Messaging
- Localized information
- Media/game download
- Multi-person games
- TV phone
- On-site purchase

**Time-sensitive** short video messages suiting **personal** needs



# Detecting recurrent semantic units: Serve



Color,  
lines,  
player

Every I/P frames

Key frames/shot

Down-sampled  
I/P frames

Compressed  
video

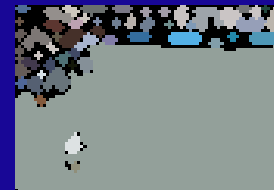
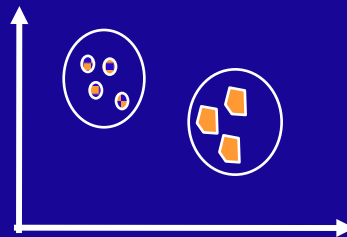
Shot  
Detection

Adaptive  
Color  
Filter

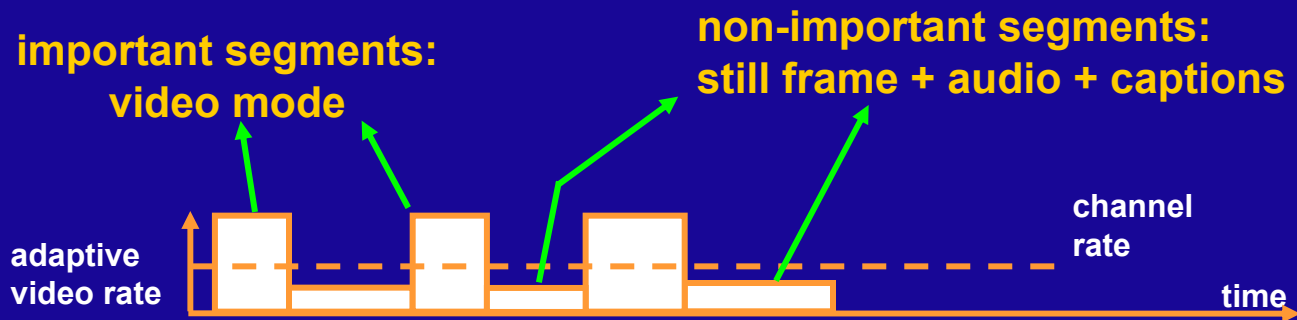
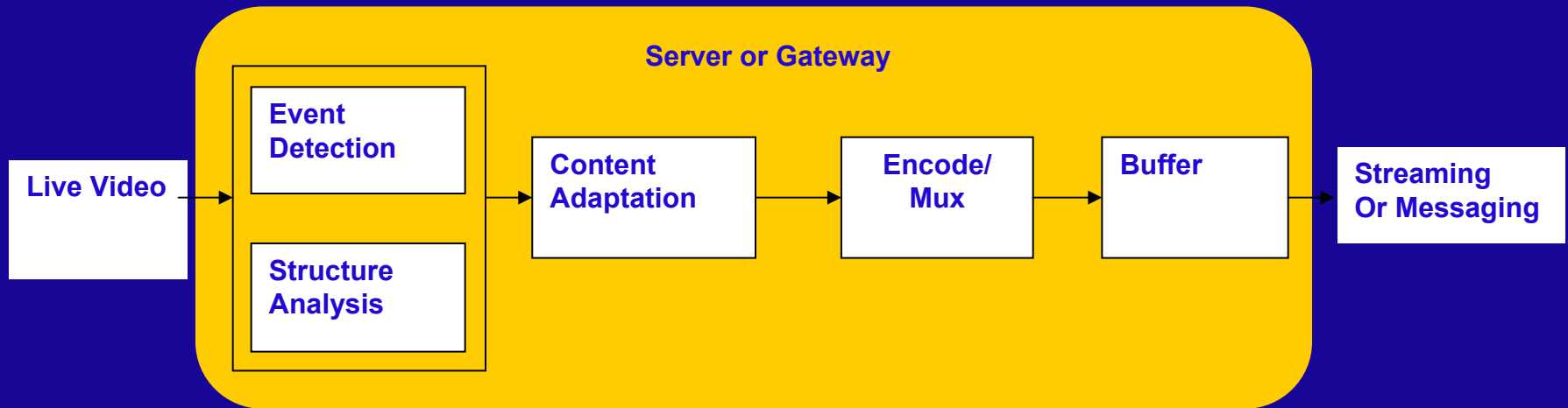
Object level  
verification

Canonical  
View  
Detection

(Chang, Zhong, Kumar '00)

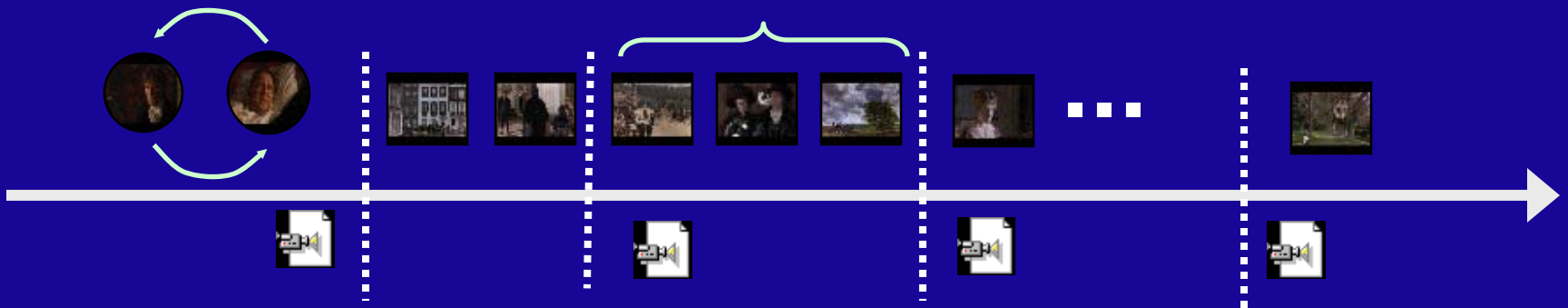


# Content Adaptive Streaming/Filtering of Sports Video





## Case 2: Film content structuring/summarization



- **Opportunity:**
  - SetTop PVR applications
  - Scene/Topic Segmentation, Browsing, Preview
- **Challenge: Diverse production styles and content**

# Domain Consideration

## ■ Film:

### ■ Does not satisfy impact conditions

- Mega budget production
- Large value per content

### ■ Potential impact

- Useful for archived collection in libraries
- Excellent domain for intellectual/technical development

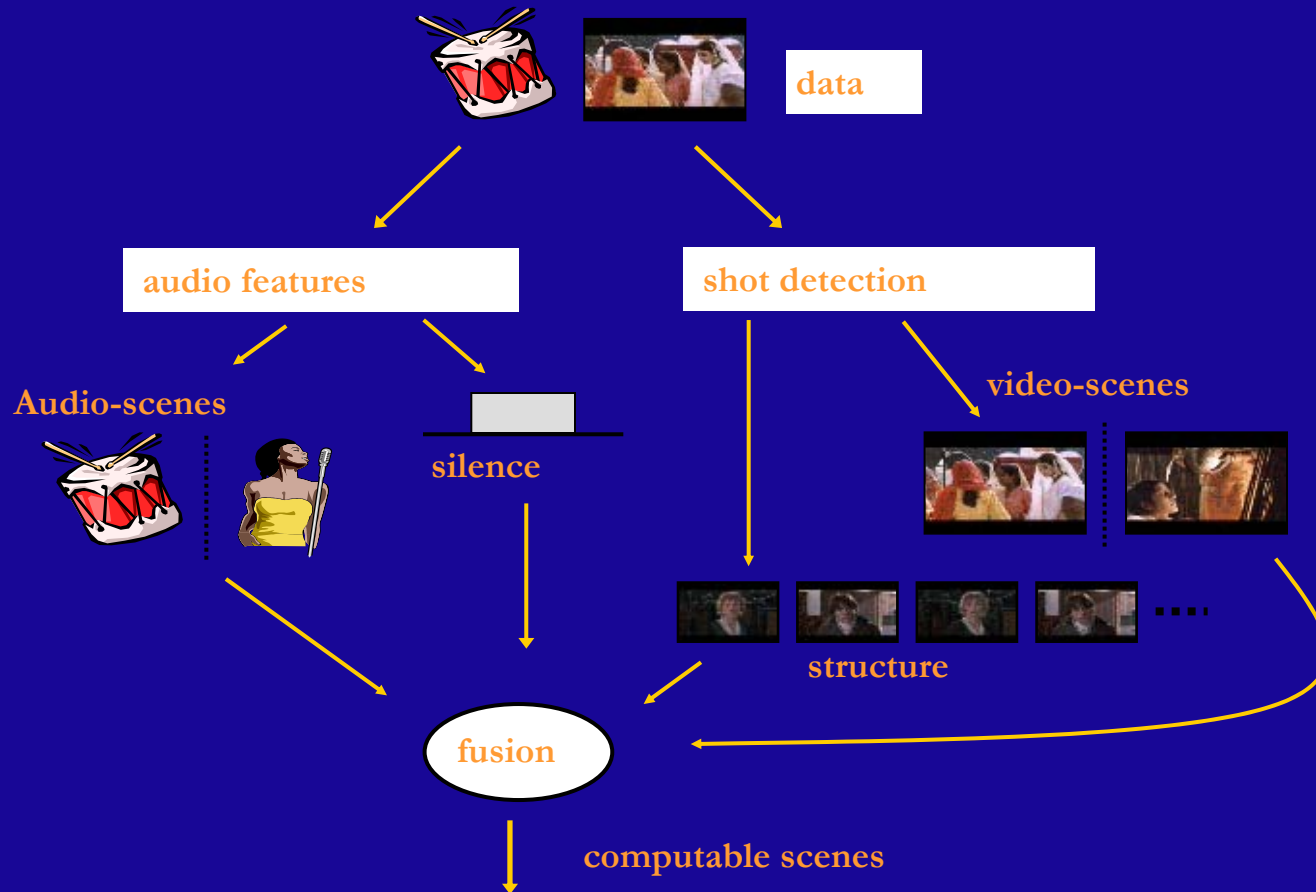
Opportunity:

**production model + multimedia integration  
+ psychological viewer model**



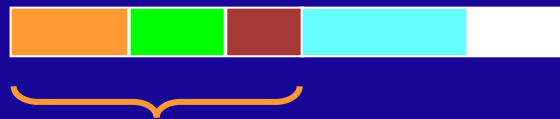
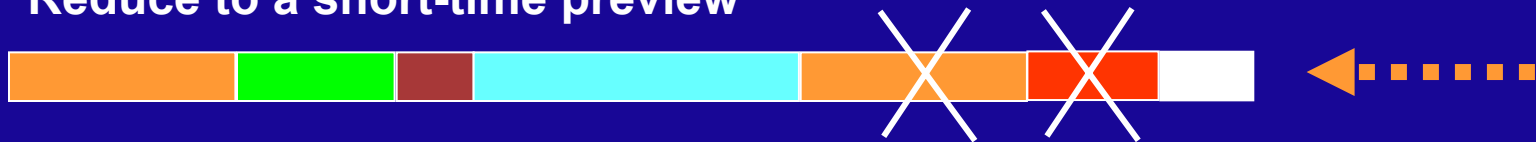
**Scene structure analysis, summary, event detection**

# Computable Scene Detection Architecture



# Time compression → video skims

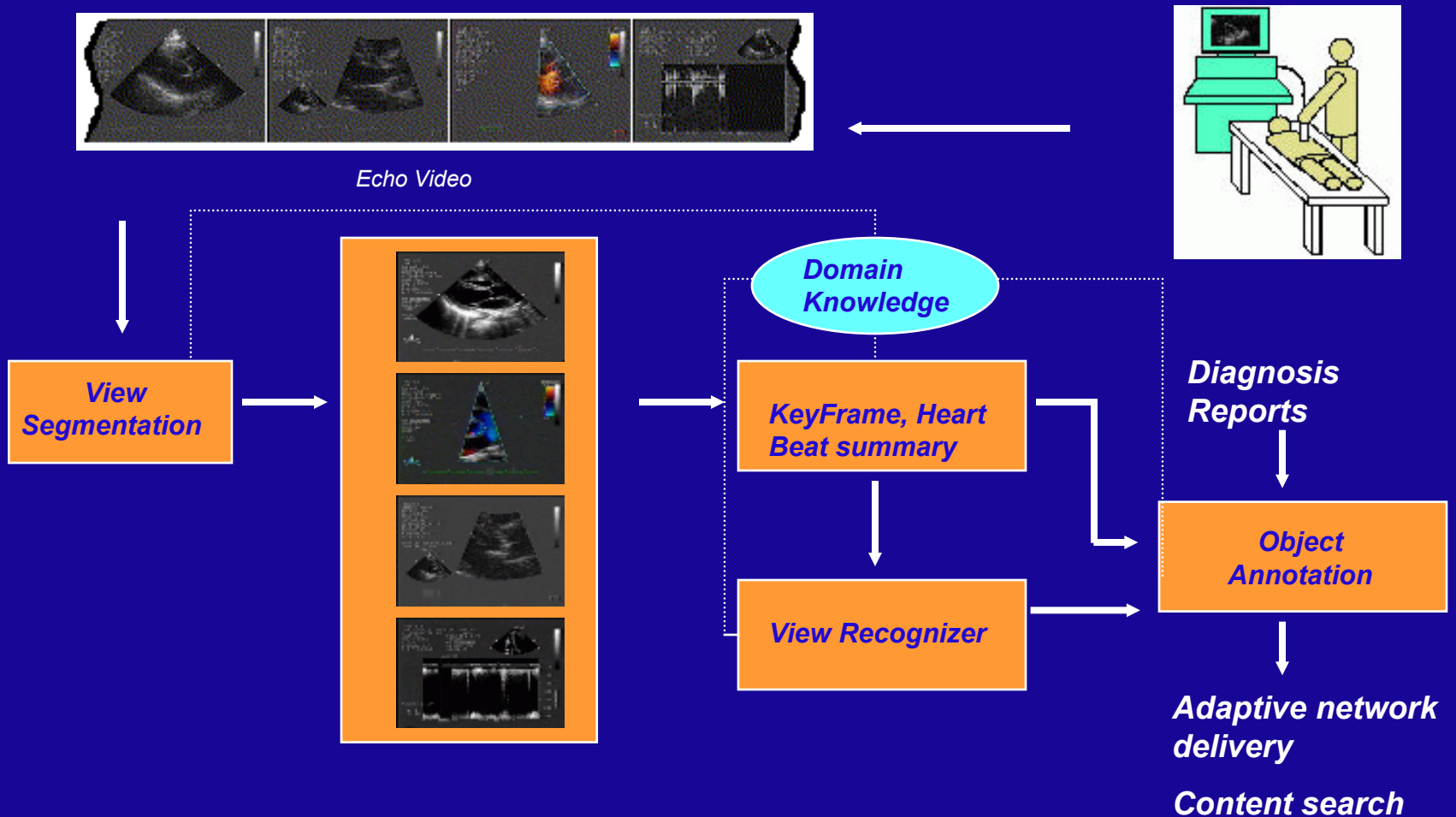
Reduce to a short-time preview



Find the skim with the highest utility,  
satisfying the  
production syntax constraints

- Production Syntax → shot selection constraint
- Psychological Viewer Model → Complexity-based Utility Model
- Multimedia Integration → complementary audio-video roles

# Case 3: Medical Video Library & Remote Medicine



(Ebadollahi and Chang '00)

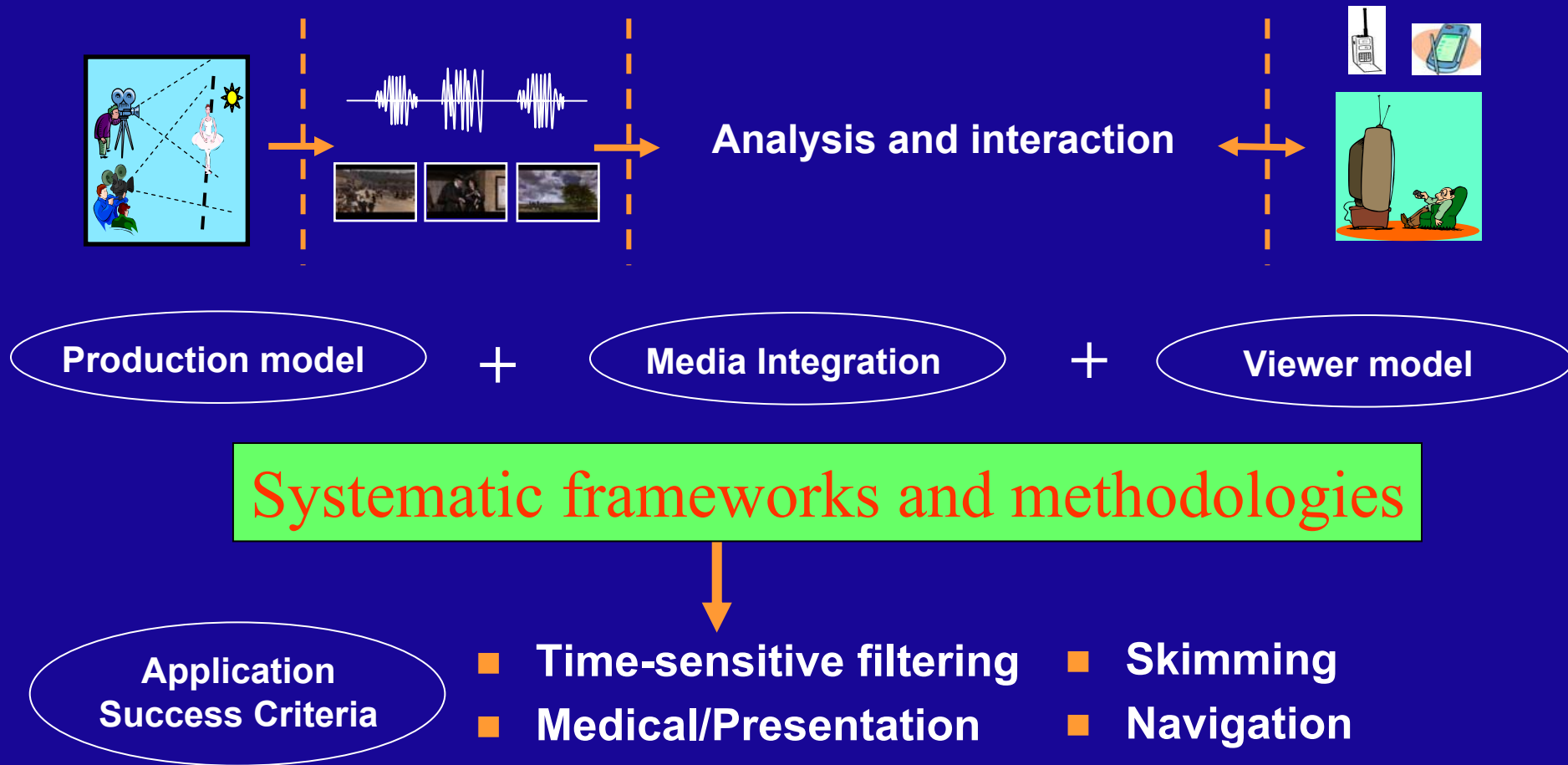
# Impact Consideration

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- Large volume, low individual value
- User's time extremely limited and expensive
- High annotation cost →  
computer-assisted annotation and  
summarization
- Quantitative measurement and matching of  
clinically significant objects objects

# Challenges and Opportunities



# Recurrent semantic units in soccer video?



- Recovering the semantic unit structure
- PVR/SetTop box applications





# Modeling Temporal Transitions

