

$$11.1) a.) \frac{2s+5}{s^2+5s+6} = \frac{k_1}{(s+2)} + \frac{k_2}{(s+3)}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{2(-2)+5}{1} = 1$$

$$k_2 = \frac{2(-3)+5}{-1} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s+3} = F(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = e^{-2t} u(t) + e^{-3t} u(t)$$

$$c.) \frac{(s+1)^2}{s^2-s-6} = \frac{s^2+2s+1}{s^2-s-6} = F(s)$$

$$F(s) = 1 + \frac{k_1}{(s-3)} + \frac{k_2}{(s+2)}$$

$$k_1 = 3.2$$

$$k_2 = -.2$$

$$F(s) = 1 + \frac{3.2}{s-3} + \frac{-.2}{s+2}$$

$$f(t) = \delta(t) + 3.2 e^{3t} u(t) - .2 e^{-2t} u(t)$$

$$e.) \quad \frac{2s+1}{(s+1)(s^2+2s+2)} = F(s) = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{As+B}{s^2+2s+2}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{2(-1)+1}{-1^2+1(-2)+2} = -1$$

$$F(s) = \frac{-1}{s+1} + \frac{As+B}{s^2+2s+2}$$

$$2s+1 = -1(s^2+2s+2) + (As+B)(s+1)$$

$$2s+1 + s^2 + 2s + 2 = As^2 + As + Bs + B$$

$$As^2 = s^2 \Rightarrow A=1$$

$$4s = Bs + As \Rightarrow B=3$$

$$F(s) = \frac{-1}{s+1} + \frac{s+3}{s^2+2s+2}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = -e^{-t}u(t) + r e^{-\alpha t} \cos(bt + \theta)u(t)$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{1(2) + (3)^2 - 2(3)(1)}{2-1}} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\alpha = 1 \quad b = \sqrt{2-1} = 1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{1-3}{\sqrt{2-1}} = \tan^{-1} -2$$

$$= f(t) = -e^{-t}u(t) + \sqrt{5} e^{-t} \cos(t + (-1.107))u(t)$$

$$9.1) \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)^4} = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{s+2} + \frac{k_3}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{k_4}{(s+2)^3} + \frac{k_5}{(s+2)^4}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{1}{(-1+2)^4} = 1 \quad k_2 = \frac{1}{-2+1} = -1$$

$$k_3 = \frac{d}{ds} (s+1)^{-1} \Big|_{s=-2} = -(s+1)^{-2} \Big|_{s=-2} = -1$$

$$k_4 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{ds^2} (s+1)^{-1} \Big|_{s=-2} = \frac{2(s+1)^{-3}}{2} \Big|_{s=-2} = -1$$

$$k_5 = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} \frac{d^3}{ds^3} (s+1)^{-1} \Big|_{s=-2} = -\frac{6(s+1)^{-4}}{6} \Big|_{s=-2} = -1$$

⇒

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{-1}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{-1}{(s+2)^3} + \frac{-1}{(s+2)^4}$$

$$f(t) = \left(e^{-t} - e^{-2t} - t e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{2} t^2 e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{6} t^3 e^{-2t} \right) u(t)$$

$$(1) \quad F(s) = \frac{s^3}{(s+1)^2(s^2+2s+5)} = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{A_1 + B}{s^2+2s+5}$$

$$s^3 = k_1 (s+1)(s^2+2s+5) + k_2 (s^2+2s+5) + (A_1+B)(s+1)^2$$

$$s^3 = k_1 (s^3 + 2s^2 + 5s + s^2 + 2s + 5) + k_2 (s^2 + 2s + 5) + (A_1+B)(s^2 + 2s + 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow s^3 = k_1(s^3 + 3s^2 + 7s + 5) + k_2(s^2 + 2s + 5) + \underbrace{(A+B)(s^2 + 2s + 1)}_{= As^3 + 2As^2 + As + Bs^2 + 2Bs + B}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \Rightarrow k_1 s^3 + A s^3 = s^3 \Rightarrow k_1 + A = 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \Rightarrow 2A s^2 + B s^2 + k_2 s^2 + 3k_1 s^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 2A + B + k_2 + 3k_1 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \Rightarrow 7k_1 s + 2k_2 s + A s + 2B s = 0 \Rightarrow 7k_1 + 2k_2 + A + 2B = 0$$

$$\textcircled{4} \Rightarrow 5k_1 + 5k_2 + B = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \textcircled{3} - 2 \times \textcircled{2} = k_1 - 3A = 0 \quad k_1 = 3A$$

$$\textcircled{1} \Rightarrow k_1 + A = 1 \Rightarrow 4A = 1 \quad A = \frac{1}{4}, \quad k_1 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{4} - \textcircled{2} = \frac{15}{4} + 5k_2 + B - \frac{1}{2} - B - k_2 - \frac{9}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 4k_2 = 0, \quad k_2 = -\frac{1}{4}, \quad B = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{(s+1)} + \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4}s - \frac{5}{2}}{s^2 + 7s + 5}$$

$$f(t) = \left(\frac{3}{4} e^{-t} - \frac{t}{4} e^{-t} + r e^{-t} \cos(bt + \theta) \right) u(t)$$

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{(1/4)^2 + (-5/2)^2 - 2(1/4)(-5/2)}}{5-1} = \sqrt{\frac{125}{64}} = \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{8}$$

$$b = \sqrt{5-1} = 2 \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1/4 - (-5/2)}{5\sqrt{5-1}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{11}{2\sqrt{5}} \right)$$

$$f(t) = \left[\frac{3}{4} e^{-t} - \frac{t}{4} e^{-t} + \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{8} e^{-t} \cos(2t + 1.39) \right] u(t)$$

(1.2) b.) $\frac{s}{s^2 + 2s + 2} e^{-3s} + \frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{2+0-0}{1}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\theta = \arctan \frac{1}{1(1)} = \pi/4 \quad b=1$$

first part $\sqrt{2} e^{-t} \cos(t + \pi/4) u(t)$

↳ time shifted
for $\frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$ $\sqrt{2} e^{-(t-3)} \cos(t-3 + \pi/4) u(t-3)$

$$b = \sqrt{2-1} = 1$$

$$e^{-t} \cdot 2 \sin(t) u(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) = \sqrt{2} e^{-(t-3)} \cos(t-3 + \pi/4) u(t-3) + 2 e^{-t} \sin(t) u(t)$$

$$d.) \quad \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2+3s+2} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2+3s+2} + \frac{1}{s^2+3s+2} = F(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{s^2+3s+2} = \frac{k_1}{(s+2)} + \frac{k_2}{(s+1)} = \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$k_1 = -1$$

$$k_2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f(t) &= -e^{-2(t-1)} u(t-1) + e^{-(t-1)} u(t-1) \\ &\quad - e^{-2(t-2)} u(t-2) + e^{-(t-2)} u(t-2) \\ &\quad - e^{-2t} u(t) + e^{-t} u(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$(1.3) \quad a.) \quad (D^2 + 3D + 2)y(t) = Df(t) \quad y(0^-) = \dot{y}(0^-) = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 3 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = \frac{df(t)}{dt} \quad f(t) = u(t)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) + 3sY(s) + 2Y(s) = \frac{s \cdot 1}{s}$$

$$(s^2 + 3s + 2)Y(s) = 1$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2+3s+2} = \frac{k_1}{(s+1)} + \frac{k_2}{(s+2)}$$

$$r_1 = -1 \quad k_2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = (e^{-2t} - e^{-t})u(t)$$

$$b.) (D^2 + 4D + 4)y(t) = (D+1)f(t) \quad y(0^-) = 2 \quad y'(0^-) = 1$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - s \cdot 2 - 1 + 4(sY(s) - 2) + 4Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{s}{s+1} \quad f(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

$$(s^2 + 4s + 4) - 2s - 9 = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{s}{s+1}$$

$$s^2 + 4s + 4 = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{s}{s+1} + 2s + 9$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2s+10}{s^2+4s+4}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{k_1}{s+2} + \frac{k_2}{(s+2)^2}$$

$$2s+10 = (s+2)k_1 + k_2 \quad k_1 = 2$$

$$2s+10 = k_1s + 2k_1 + k_2 \quad 4+k_2 = 10$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{s+2} + \frac{6}{(s+2)^2} \quad k_2 = 6$$

$$y(t) = (2e^{-2t} + 6te^{-2t})u(t)$$

$$= (2 + 6t)e^{-2t}u(t)$$

$$c.) (D^2 + 6D + 25) y(t) = (D + 2) f(t) \quad y(0^-) = y'(0^-) = 1$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - s - 1 + 6(sY(s) - 1) + 25Y(s) = 25 + \frac{50}{s} \quad f(t) = 25u(t)$$

$$(s^2 + 6s + 25) Y(s) - s - 7 = 25 + \frac{50}{s}$$

$$(s^2 + 6s + 25) Y(s) = 32 + \frac{50}{s} + s$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s^2 + 32s + 50}{s(s^2 + 6s + 25)}$$

$$= \frac{k_1}{s} + \frac{As + B}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{50}{25} = 2$$

$$= \frac{2}{s} + \frac{As + B}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

$$s^2 + 32s + 50 = 2(s^2 + 6s + 25) + (As + B)(s)$$

$$s^2 + 32s + 50 = 2s^2 + 12s + 50 + As^2 + Bs$$

$$s^2 = 2s^2 + As^2$$

$$A = -1$$

$$Bs + 12s = 32s$$

$$B = 20$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{s} + \frac{-s + 20}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

$$y(t) = 2u(t) + r e^{at} \cos(bt + \theta) u(t)$$

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{(-1/3)^2 + (20)^2 - 2(-1/3)(20)(3)}}{25 - 3^2}$$

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{545}}{4} = 5.836$$

$$b = \sqrt{25 - 3^2} = 4$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-1/3 - 20}{-1\sqrt{25-3^2}}\right) = \left(\tan^{-1} 5.75\right) - \pi$$

$$\theta = -1.7429$$

because
 $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-23}{-4}\right)$

$$y(t) = (2 + 5.836 e^{-3t} (4t - 1.7429)) u(t)$$

11.4.1) (i, a.)

$$H(s) = \frac{s+5}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$$

$$Y(s) = H(s) F(s)$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s+5}{(s^2 + 5s + 6)(s+3)}$$

$$= \frac{s+5}{(s+3)(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{k_1}{s+2} + \frac{k_2}{s+3} + \frac{k_3}{(s+3)^2}$$

$$k_1 = 3 \quad k_2 = -2$$

$$\frac{s+1}{(s+3)^2(s+2)} = \frac{3}{s+2} + \frac{k_3}{s+3} + \frac{-2}{(s+3)^2}$$

$$s+1 = 3(s+3)^2 + k_3(s+2)(s+3) - 2(s+2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6k_3 = 5 - 27 + 4$$

$$k_3 = -3$$

$$y(t) = \left(3e^{-2t} - 3e^{-3t} - 2te^{-3t} \right) u(t)$$

b.) $Y(s)(s^2 + 5s + 6) = (s+5)F(s)$
 $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y(t) = (D+5)f(t)$

for all parts
 i, ii, and iv
 have the same
 transfer function
 therefore this differential
 equation satisfy the system

(iii) a.)

$$Y(s) = \frac{F(s)}{(s^2 + 5s + 6)} \cdot \frac{1}{s+4}$$

$$= \frac{s+1}{(s+3)(s+2)(s+4)}$$

$$= \frac{k_1}{s+3} + \frac{k_2}{s+2} + \frac{k_3}{s+4}$$

inputs shifted by
 $t_0 = 5$
 output is shifted
 also by $t_0 = 5$

$$k_1 = -2 \quad k_2 = \frac{3}{2} \quad k_3 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{s+3} + \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{s+2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s+4}$$

$$= (-2e^{-3t} + \frac{3}{2}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-4t})u(t)$$

need to shift output by $t_0 = 5$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = (-2e^{-3(t-5)} + \frac{3}{2}e^{-2(t-5)} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-4(t-5)})u(t-5)$$

(v.) a.) $f(t) = e^{-4(t-5)}u(t)$

$$= e^{-4t+20}u(t)$$

$$= e^{-4t}e^{20}u(t)$$

Since the system is linear we know the response

$e^{-4t}u(t)$ then we just need to scale it.
previous part.

$$y(t) = e^{20}(-2e^{-3t} + \frac{3}{2}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-4t})u(t)$$

11.5) c.) $\frac{dy}{dt} + 4y = \frac{3}{s} + 2f(t)$

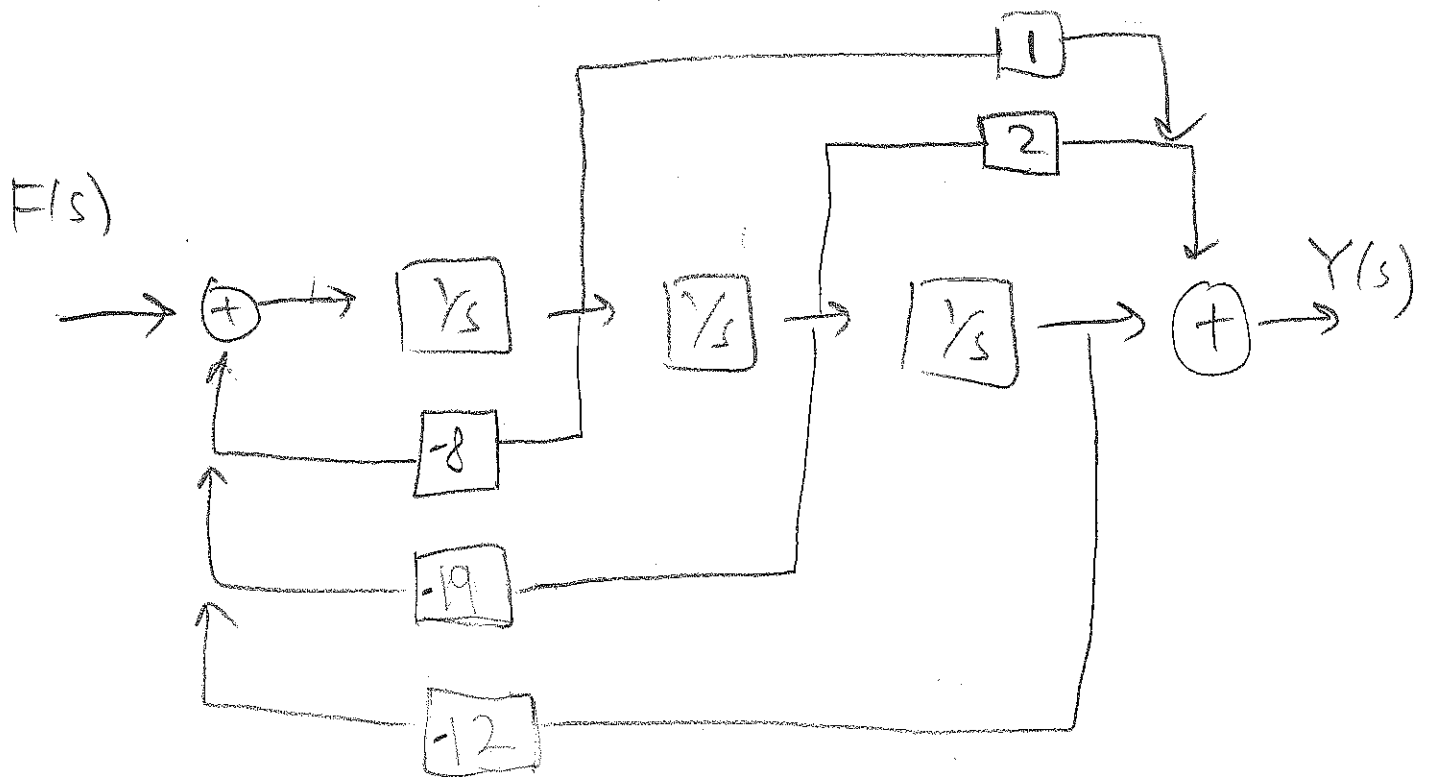
$$(s+4)Y(s) = (3s+2)F(s)$$

$$F(s)H(s) = Y(s) \quad H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{3s+2}{s^2+4s}$$

11.6.) $H(s) = \frac{s(s+2)}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+4)}$
 canonical

$$H(s) = \frac{s^2+2s}{(s^2+3s+3)(s+4)} = \frac{s^2+2s}{s^3+4s^2+4s^2+16s+3s+12}$$

$$= \frac{s^2+2s}{s^3+8s^2+19s+12}$$



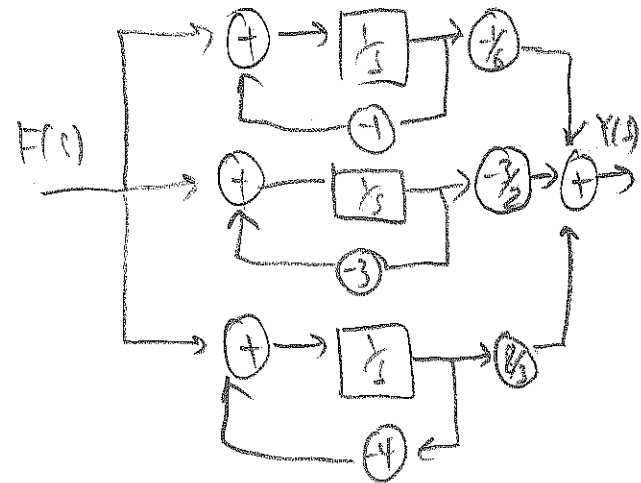
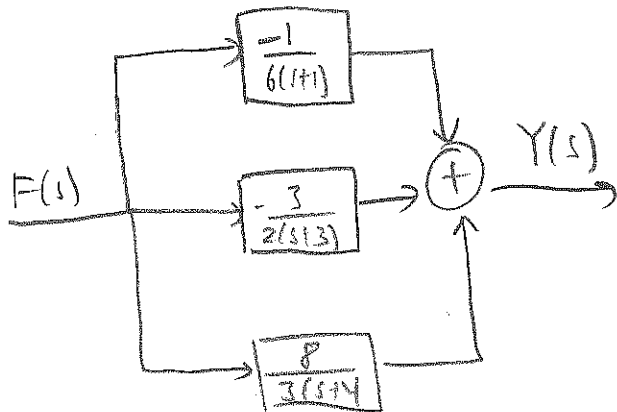
Parallel form

$$H(s) = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{s+3} + \frac{k_3}{s+4}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{-1}{6} \quad k_2 = \frac{3}{-2}$$

$$k_3 = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$H(s) = -\frac{1}{6(s+1)} - \frac{3}{2(s+3)} + \frac{8}{3(s+4)}$$



(cascade or series form)

$$H(s) = \frac{s(s+2)}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+4)}$$

