

Homework #5 Solutions

Signals and Systems, Columbia University

4.1-4 (b)

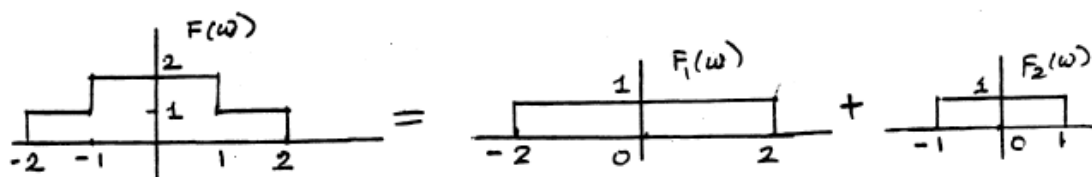
$$f(t) = e^{at} \cdot [u(t) - u(t - T)]$$

Using Eq. (4.8a),

$$F(w) = \int_0^T e^{at} e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_0^T e^{(a-j\omega)t} dt = \frac{e^{(a-j\omega)T} - 1}{a - j\omega}$$

4.1-6 (b)

Fig P4.1.6 can be expressed the sum of two functions, $F_1(w)$ and $F_2(w)$



Using Eq.(4.8.b),

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(w) e^{j\omega t} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} [F_1(w) + F_2(w)] e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{-2}^2 1 \cdot e^{j\omega t} d\omega + \int_{-1}^1 1 \cdot e^{j\omega t} d\omega \right] \\ &= \frac{\sin 2t + \sin t}{\pi t} \end{aligned}$$

Additional questions

Note1: this question assumes that $x(t) = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t}$ -----(1)

or, shortly, $x(t) \leftrightarrow X_n$, and the fundamental frequency be ω_0

Note2: Let X_n be Fourier series coefficients of $x(t)$.

1. Linearity

$$\text{if } x(t) \leftrightarrow X_n \text{ and } y(t) \leftrightarrow Y_n, \text{ then}$$

$$ax(t) + by(t) \leftrightarrow aX_n + bY_n$$

2. Time-shifting

$$x(t - t_0) \leftrightarrow X_n e^{-jn\omega_0 t_0}$$

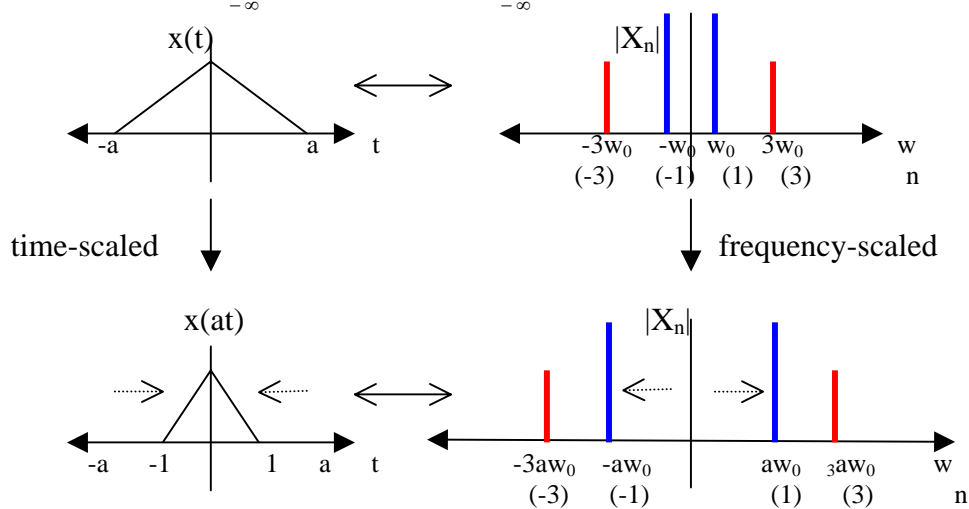
3. Time-reversal

$$x(-t) \leftrightarrow X_{-n}$$

4. Time-scaling

If $x(t)$ is scaled by a factor a , fourier coefficients of $x(at)$ is calculated like following. For convenience, assume that $a > 1$ and integer

$$x(at) = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 at} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{jan\omega_0 t}$$



so, $x(at) \leftrightarrow X_n$, but its spectrum is scaled by a factor a .

A1) Let $x(t)$ be a periodic signal with Fourier series coefficients X_n . Find the Fourier series expansion of the following signals:

(a) $x(t-t_0) + x(t+t_0)$

Sol)

$$x(t-t_0) = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 (t-t_0)} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-j n \omega_0 t_0} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t}$$

or, $x(t-t_0) \leftrightarrow e^{-j n \omega_0 t_0} X_n$: time shifting property

Similarly, $x(t+t_0) \leftrightarrow e^{j n \omega_0 t_0} X_n$.

$$\text{So, } x(t-t_0) + x(t+t_0) \leftrightarrow [e^{-j n \omega_0 t_0} + e^{j n \omega_0 t_0}] \cdot X_n$$

$$\leftrightarrow 2 \cos(n \omega_0 t_0) \cdot X_n$$

(b) Real { $x(t)$ }

Sol) Real { $x(t)$ } = $[x(t) + x^*(t)]/2$, where $x^*(t)$ is the complex conjugate of $x(t)$

Using Eq. (1) followed by substituting n with $-n$,

$$x^*(t) = \left[\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t} \right]^* = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n^* e^{-j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_{-n}^* e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t} \quad \text{-----}(2)$$

$$\text{so, } \frac{x(t) + x^*(t)}{2} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} [X_n + X_{-n}^*] e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{x(t) + x^*(t)}{2} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} [X_n + X_{-n}^*]$$

(c) Imag { $x(t)$ }

Sol) Imag { $x(t)$ } = $[x(t) - x^*(t)]/2j$

Using (b),

$$\frac{x(t) - x^*(t)}{2j} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2j} [X_n - X_{-n}^*] e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{x(t) - x^*(t)}{2j} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2j} [X_n - X_{-n}^*]$$

(d) $x(-2t+1)$

Sol1)

Using Eq. (1),

$$\begin{aligned} x(-2t+1) &= \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 (-2t+1)} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j n \omega_0 t} e^{-j 2 n \omega_0 t} \\ &= \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_{-n} e^{-j n \omega_0 t} e^{j 2 n \omega_0 t} \end{aligned}$$

so, $x(-2t+1) \leftrightarrow X_{-n} e^{-j n \omega_0 t}$ and its spectrum is expanded by a factor 2.

Sol2)

$$x(t) \leftrightarrow X_n$$

$$\rightarrow x(t+1) \leftrightarrow X_n e^{j n \omega_0} \text{ by time-shifting property}$$

$$\rightarrow x(-t+1) \leftrightarrow X_{-n} e^{-j n \omega_0} \text{ by time-reversal property}$$

$$\rightarrow x(-2t+1) \leftrightarrow X_{-n} e^{-j n \omega_0 t} \text{ by time-scaling and its spectrum is scaled by a factor 2}$$

A2)

If $x(t)$ is real and periodic

Note: $x(t)$ is real $\Rightarrow x(t) = x^*(t)$, by using (1) and (2)

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_{-n}^* e^{j \cdot n \cdot \omega_0 t}, \text{ by comparing coeff's.}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow X_n = X_{-n}^* \text{ -----(3)}$$

(a) If $x(t)$ is odd, show X_n is imaginary and odd.

Sol) $x(t)$ is odd $\Rightarrow x(t) = -x(-t)$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{j n \omega_0 t} = - \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{-j n \omega_0 t} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} -X_{-n} e^{j n \omega_0 t}$$

By comparing coefficients

$$\Rightarrow X_n = -X_{-n} \text{ -----(4)}$$

so, X_n is odd

Combining (3) and (4),

$$X_n = -X_{-n} = -X_n^*$$

$$\Rightarrow -X_n = X_n^* \Rightarrow X_n \text{ is imaginary (Q.E.D)}$$

(b) Find the Fourier series coefficients of the odd components of x(t)

$$x_o(t) = [x(t) - x(-t)]/2$$

$$\text{Here, } x(-t) = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{-j n \omega_0 t} = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_{-n} e^{j n \omega_0 t} \text{ or, } x(-t) \leftrightarrow X_{-n}$$

Using (3),

$$\frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2} \leftrightarrow \frac{X_n - X_{-n}}{2} = \frac{X_n - X_n^*}{2} = j \operatorname{Im}\{X_n\}$$