

# EE 3801    Fall 2006

## Midterm 2

November 21, 2006

### INSTRUCTIONS:

- Carry only one side of a  $8\frac{1}{2}'' \times 11''$  note and a pencil or a pen with you. The exam is closed-book, closed-note. No calculator is allowed.
- The duration of the exam is 75 minutes.

Problem	Points
I	/10
II	/20
III	/10
IV	/10
V	/10
VI	/20
VII	/20
Total	/100

Name:

**Problem I** [10 pts]

Calculate the following convolution:

$$y(t) = e^{2t}u(-t) * u(t).$$

**Problem II** [20 pts]

1. Find the exponential Fourier series of the following signal

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT_0)$$

2. Using your answer above and the property of Fourier series, find the exponential Fourier series of the following signal

$$g(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT_0 - T_0/2)$$

3. Find the Fourier transform of  $g(t)$ .

**Problem III** [10 pts]

Suppose  $f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} F(\omega)$ . Find the Fourier transform of the signal

$$f(at + b)$$

with  $a$  and  $b$  being some real-valued constants.

**Problem IV** [10 pts]

Define  $\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right) = \begin{cases} 1, & |t| \leq \frac{\tau}{2}, \\ 0, & |t| > \frac{\tau}{2}. \end{cases}$  Given the Fourier transform  $\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \tau \text{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega\tau}{2}\right)$ , find the Fourier transform of the signal

$$f(t) = \text{sinc}(Wt)$$

with  $W$  being some constant, by making use of the duality property of the Fourier transform.

**Problem V** [10 pts]

An LTI system has an impulse response

$$h(t) = e^{-at}u(t)$$

with  $a > 0$ . The input signal is given by

$$f(t) = e^{-bt}u(t)$$

with  $b > 0$ . Find the magnitude spectrum and the phase spectrum of the output signal.

**Problem VI** [20 pts]

Find the Fourier transforms of the following signals:

(a)  $f(t) = \sin(\omega_0 t)$ ;

(b)  $g(t) = (1 + t)[u(t + 1) - u(t)] + (1 - t)[u(t) - u(t - 1)]$ .

**Problem VII** [20 pts] A signal  $f(t)$  has the spectrum  $F(\omega) = u(\omega + 200\pi) - u(\omega - 200\pi)$ .

1. What is the Nyquist sampling rate of  $f(t)$ ?
2. It is sampled at a rate of (a) 150Hz (b) 200 Hz (b) 300Hz. For each of the three cases: If the sampled signal is passed through an ideal lowpass filter of bandwidth 100Hz and unit gain, sketch the spectrum of the output signal.