

# Solutions

Midterm - 2006

Problem #1

$$a) x_{FM}(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_c t + \beta \sin 2\pi W t)$$
$$\beta = \frac{\Delta f}{W} = \frac{h A_m}{W}$$

$$b) \Delta f = h A_m$$

$$c) V_{out} = k \Delta f \cos 2\pi W t$$

$$d) x_{AM}(t) = A [1 + m_s(t)] \cos 2\pi f_c t$$
$$s(t) = B \cos 2\pi W t$$

After Hard-Limiter & BPF<sub>2</sub>

$$e(t) = k \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{de(t)}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2\pi} (k 2\pi f_c) \sin 2\pi f_c t$$

$$V_{env}(t) = k f_c$$

After Capacitor

$$V_{out}(t) = 0$$

e) For AM

SSB Receiver (and DSB Receiver)

$$e_o(t) = k \cos 2\pi f_c t$$

$H(f)$  passes  $e_o(t)$

then

$$k \cos 2\pi f_c t \cdot \cos 2\pi f_c t = k/2 [1 + \cos 2\pi (2f_c)t]$$

After LPF

$$e_{out}(t) = k/2$$

For FM (DSB Receiver)

After  $H(f) \Rightarrow$

$$e_o(t) = k [J_1(\beta) \cos 2\pi (f_c + W)t - J_1(\beta) \cos 2\pi (f_c - W)t]$$

then multiply by  $\cos 2\pi f_c t$  & LPF

$$\Rightarrow k \frac{J_1(\beta)}{2} \cos 2\pi Wt - k \frac{J_1(\beta)}{2} \cos 2\pi Wt = 0$$

For FM (SSB Receiver)

After  $H(f)$

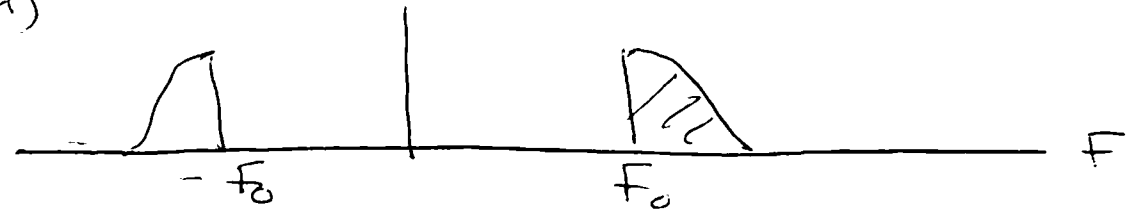
$$e_o(t) = k J_1(\beta) \cos 2\pi (f_c + W)t$$

then multiply by  $\cos 2\pi f_c t$  & LPF

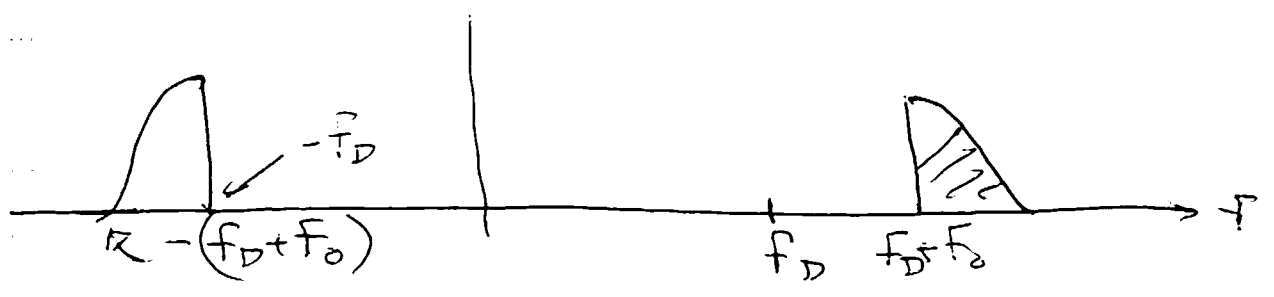
$$\Rightarrow \frac{k J_1(\beta)}{2} \cos 2\pi Wt$$

Problem #2

a)



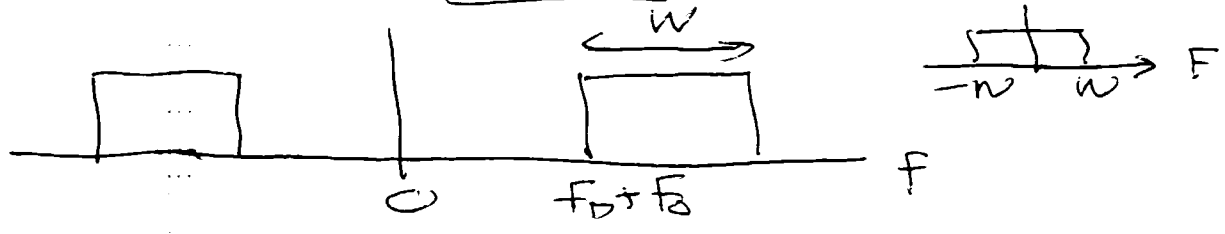
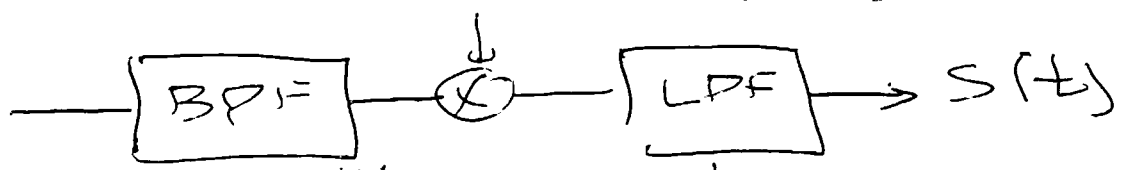
Single-Sideband



$$X_{USB-SSB}(t) = s(t) \cos 2\pi (f_D + f_0)t - \hat{s}(t) \sin 2\pi (f_D + f_0)t$$

b) Receiver

$$2 \cos 2\pi (f_D + f_0)t$$



①  
~~g~~ If you do the actual  
 analytic computation!

$$x(t) = s(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t - \hat{s}(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t$$

$$x_{SSB-USB}(t) = x(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t - \hat{x}(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t$$

$$= \underbrace{[s(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t - \hat{s}(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t]}_{\text{}} \cos 2\pi f_D t - [s(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t - \hat{s}(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t] \sin 2\pi f_D t - [s(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t + \hat{s}(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t] \sin 2\pi f_D t$$

$$\mathcal{H}\{r(t) \sin 2\pi f_D t\} =$$

$$\mathcal{H}\left\{r(t) \frac{e^{j2\pi f_D t} - e^{-j2\pi f_D t}}{2j}\right\}$$

$$= -j \frac{r(t) e^{j2\pi f_D t}}{2j} - j \frac{e^{-j2\pi f_D t} r(t)}{2j}$$

$$= - \frac{r(t) e^{j2\pi f_D t} + r(t) e^{-j2\pi f_D t}}{2}$$

$$= - r(t) \cos 2\pi f_D t$$

$$= \cancel{\mathcal{H}\{r(t)\}} \mathcal{H}\{\sin 2\pi f_D t\}$$

(2)

$$= s(t) \left[ \cos 2\pi f_0 t + \cos 2\pi f_D t \right. \\ \left. - \sin 2\pi f_0 t + \sin 2\pi f_D t \right]$$

$$- \hat{s}(t) \left[ \sin 2\pi f_0 t + \cos 2\pi f_D t + \cos 2\pi f_0 t + \sin 2\pi f_D t \right]$$

$$= s(t) \left[ \cos 2\pi (f_D + f_0) t \right]$$

$$- \hat{s}(t) \left[ \sin 2\pi (f_D + f_0) t \right]$$