

1. Weakest in-cell power level is $P(R)$, while the co-channel interference level is $P(D)$, where $D/R = (3N)^{1/2}$ and $N = 13$. So $P(D)/P(R) = (D/R)^{-n} = (3N)^{-n/2} = (39)^{-n/2}$ is -28 dB or $(n/2)10\log(39) = 28$ and $n = 5.6/\log(39) = 3.52$

2. For l.o.s. : $G_1G_2\lambda^2/(4\pi d)^2$ For l.o.s. + ground reflection: $G_1G_2h_1^2h_2^2/d^4$ so we need the ratio $P_{\text{los}}/P_{\text{gnd}} = [G_1G_2\lambda^2/(4\pi d)^2] / [G_1G_2h_1^2h_2^2/d^4] = \lambda^2d^2 / h_1^2h_2^2(4\pi)^2$ expressed in dB or $20 \log [\lambda d / 4\pi h_1h_2]$. At 1.1 GHz, $\lambda = (3/11)$ m, so

$$P_{\text{los}}/P_{\text{gnd}} \text{ in dB} = 20 \log [(3/11) (8800) / 4\pi (2.2)(13)] = 16.5 \text{ dB}$$

3. The GOS spec is met if $\text{erlb}(12, 7.5) < 0.02$.

4. $D = (4\pi/P)(dP/d\Omega)_{\text{max}}$

If the northerly radiation intensity is $(dP/d\Omega)_N$, the southern one is then $0.5(dP/d\Omega)_N$ and the total radiated power is $P = 0.45 (dP/d\Omega)_N + (0.75)(0.5)(dP/d\Omega)_N = 0.825 (dP/d\Omega)_N$, while $(dP/d\Omega)_{\text{max}} = (dP/d\Omega)_N$, so $D = 4\pi/0.825 = 15.23$

5. The noise threshold = $kTBF + \text{SNR} = -80.0 \text{ dBm} + \text{SNR} = \gamma$ needs to be at most at the level such that $z = (\gamma - \mu) / \sigma = [\gamma - (-45 \text{ dBm})] / (5.5 \text{ dB})$ is such that $Q(z) = 0.98$. From the given data, $z = -2.054$ so that $\text{max SNR} = -(2.054)(5.5) + 80 - 45 = 23.7 \text{ dB}$